

**Table 1** Modern vegetation zones, eastern subregion Klamath Mountains, California (from Sawyer and Thornburgh, 1988; Vasek and Thorne, 1988)

Elevation range (m)	Generalized vegetation zones	Characteristic species
900±1300	<i>Pinus ponderosa</i>	<i>Pinus ponderosa</i> <i>Pinus jeffreyi</i> <sup>a</sup> <i>Juniperus occidentalis</i> <i>Quercus garryana</i> <i>Purshia tridentata</i> <i>Ceanothus cuneatus</i>
1300±1600	<i>Abies concolor</i>	<i>Abies concolor</i> <i>Pinus ponderosa</i> <i>Pinus jeffreyi</i> <sup>a</sup> <i>Pinus lambertiana</i> <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> <i>Calocedrus decurrens</i>
1400±1950	<i>Abies magni</i> <sup>ca</sup>	<i>Abies magni</i> <sup>ca</sup> <i>Abies concolor</i> <i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> <i>Pinus monticola</i> <i>Picea breweriana</i> <i>Pinus lambertiana</i> <i>Pinus jeffreyi</i> <sup>a</sup> <i>Calocedrus decurrens</i> <i>Pinus contorta</i> <i>Quercus vaccinifolia</i> <i>Arctostaphylos patula</i>
1900±2200	<i>Tsuga mertensiana</i>	<i>Tsuga mertensiana</i> <i>Abies magni</i> <sup>ca</sup> <i>Pinus balfouriana</i> <i>Pinus albicaulis</i> <i>Pinus contorta</i> <i>Pinus jeffreyi</i> <sup>a</sup> <i>Pinus monticola</i> <i>Quercus vaccinifolia</i> <i>Pyrola picta</i> <i>Holodiscus micropyllus</i> <i>Phyllodoce empetriformis</i>
. 2200 (. 2700 <sup>b</sup> )	<i>Pinus albicaulis</i>	<i>Pinus albicaulis</i> <i>Cercocarpus ledifolius</i> <i>Holodiscus microphyllus</i> <i>Potentilla glandulosa</i> <sup>b</sup> <i>Penstemon procerus</i> <sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup>On ultrabasic parent material.

<sup>b</sup>On Mt Eddy.

Mohr, J.A., Whitlock, C., and Skinner, C.N. (2000). Postglacial vegetation and fire history, eastern Klamath Mountains, California, USA. *The Holocene* 10(4): 587-601.